

Utilizing Ecosystem Services to Generate Support for Endangered Species Recovery

ACES 2014: December 10, 2014

Michael Mills, June Sucker Recovery Implementation Program Gretchen Greene, Environ International Corporation

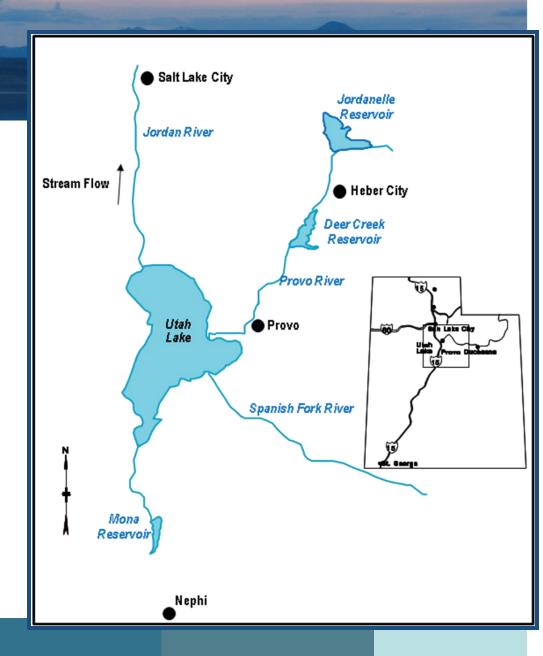


Background

Utah Lake

- Large (96,000 acres)
- Shallow (Max Depth 14')
- Highly Productive
- Algae dominated system
- Natural habitat of the endangered June sucker







Endangered June Sucker

- First described by Jordan in 1878
- Pelagic feeder
- Spawns in Utah Lake tributaries
- Listed as endangered in 1986
- Threats included:
 - Modifications to spawning habitat
 - Introduced species (predators and competitors)
 - Loss of aquatic vegetation



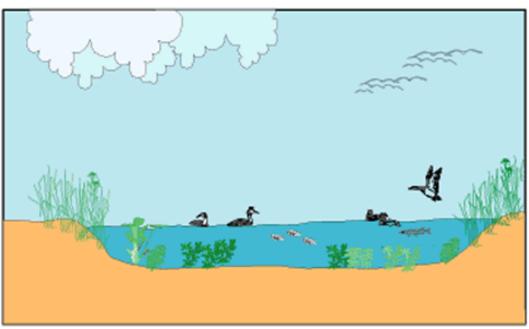


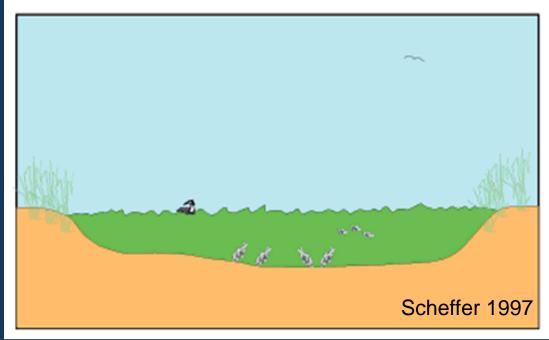


Background Common Carp

- Introduced into the Utah Lake watershed
- Dominates the Utah
 Lake fish community
- Loss of refuge habitat
- Water quality issues









DECEMBER 1918

FCR SETTLEMENT OF IRISH QUESTION

· Prominent Utah citizens have prepared a petition to the president, asking his good offices in an endeavor, at the coming peace conference, to bring ne about a settlement of the Irish question. The petition reads:

"We wish to express to you our earnest good wishes for the success of the peace conference and to assure you of our hopes for the realization of the exalted ideals you have placed before the world. Your spiendid efforts on behalf of the weak and oppressed and on behalf of the peoin ples deprived of the power of selfgovernment and self-determination in have found highest praise with is lovers of democracy. You will underand stand then our interest in the cause of Ireland. We invite you. Mr President, to consider Ireland's continued and historic struggle for self rovernthe ment, her national characted and of aspirations, her great natural calth and the direct and repeatedly exp. ssed will of her own people for sen ear determination. We beg you, therefore, in; Mr. President, to use your powerful influence to bring about a settlement of the Irish question-a settlement fair and just to the people of Ireland. With sentiments of highest esteem. we are, Mr. President, the undersigned citizens of the state of Utah:

Anthon H. Lund, first presidency Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

Simon Bamberger, governor; Harden Bennion, secretary of state; F. C. Richmond, president of Commercial club; Noble Warrum, postmaster: -L. H. Farnsworth, chairman state council of defense; J. Parley White, chief of police; John A. Widtsoe, president University of Utah; James P. Casey,

Great Da

BY WALT MASON (FOR THE D

HINGS march so fast these fateful day news; there's naught so strange it can in our shoes. We push ourselves are latest tidings there; some mighty king "Well, well," or "I declare!" We hear of the captains on their bended knees, and hasten just what he asks for cheese. An ancient the news, and say, "By jings!" And then gasoline, and kindred things. We've heard streams of gore and wholesale death, the n make us draw a longer breath. Perhaps in get our old time poise again, and learn once shudder at a tale of pain. We see the jur sceptres, thrones and crowns, and beef because for our handmedowns. We've no perspective the " we read; we sit at and the Blue From go to seed.

VEGETARIAN CARP ROB DUCKS ON UTAH LAKE

"Plenty of wild ducks, and a" Commissioner R. H. Siddoway, "with the exception of the Utah lake re-This condition promises to continue to the end of this season. the commissioner says, which closes with the month of December.

"Carp are responsible for the scareity of ducks at Utah lake," Mr. Siddoway says. "Carp are vegetarians and they have eaten all the wiid duck feed from the surface of the water. What is commonly called potato moss is the principal feed of ducks on Utah pital g lake, and it is this that the swarms articles, of carp have devoured almost to its plies. 80 complete extinction

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large nu loyal wor Salt Lak 953.078:

Deservet News: December 6, 1918



Desert News: April 3, 1937

APRIL 3 1937



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Carp And Excess Drainage Bring Ruin To Angling In Utah Lake

Waters Ideal For Bass Before Carp Destroyed Spawning Beds

(This is the first of two authoritative articles on Utal Lake a past and future mecca for fishermen.) BY DAVE MADSEN

Former State Game Commissioner)

During the past two or three years, many people have asked me about the future of Utah Lake. These are the people who a few years ago enjoyed week ends at the lake with their families in the early spring, and returned sunburned and tired, with enough catfish to last the family several days. Naturally, they long for the return of these conditions, and naturally they would be interested to know if there is any hope in this direction.

Perhaps a guess at the future, 9 based on the history of the lake and in the past, may be interesting. 35 States The truth is, nature is building



Sad Reputation

- Lack of use despite proximity to large population
- History of abuse
- Reputation of being dirty, contaminated and unsafe

Deseret News 29-Apr-71

Deseret News 20-Sep-69



Utah Lake Sign To Stay Posted

Signs warning that Utah Lake is not suitable for swimming "will remain where posted and as stated," the State Board of Health determined Wednesday.

In a unanimous vote, board members rejected a plea from officials of the Utah Division of Parks and Recreation that the present warning be "softened" and a sign at the entrance to the State Park, located at the old Prove Boat Harber, be removed.

The signs, placed at the lake a year ago at the request of the health board, read, "Warning: Water in Utah Lake is not suitable for swimming." Parks officials claim booting activity on the lake not warned against or prohibited — has been drastically curtailed because of the signs.

Dr. William C. Crockat board chairman, commentit; on the action, said, "We';" not against the parks peoplbut it's the board's duty 1, protect the public"

The board emphasized that if the pollution problem in Utah Lake is corrected the signs will come down.

Tedd Tuttle, state boatin chief, said that in 1989 at Uta Lake, 27,000 boat days of uwere recorded. In 1970, th figure dropped to 14,000, bcause of the signs and resul ant adverse publicity, be sai-

The signs were placed at the lake a year ago at the request of the Board of Healt and read, "Warning, water i Utah Lake is unsuitable ft swimming purposes." Tutti said when boaters see the

See SIGNS on Page B-11









Value of a "Healthy" Utah Lake

- Goes beyond endangered species recovery
- Effective way to communicate benefits of carp removal





Passive Use



Consumptive
Uses
Agriculture
Bird Watching
Fishing
Drinking Water

Direct Human Uses

(Recreation or Commercial)







Existence value Aesthetic value

Preservation of diversity Endangered species



Recreational Angling

- Estimated number of trips (2005 creel): 147,542
- Estimated change in catch rate from carp removal (Denner, 1997): 350%
- Estimated change in recreational trips given 1% change in catch rate (Samples, 1985): 1.48%
- Estimated value of recreational angling (Rosenberger's database): \$37.05
- Benefits start to accrue at year 6 of project
- 3% discount rate

Ecosystem Service	Estimated Change in Value per Year	Estimated Value (20 years)	Estimated Value (perpetuity)
Change in Recreational Angling Value	\$283,129	\$2,915,592	\$8,140,971



Willingness-to-Pay for Water Quality Improvement

- County population (Census Bureau): 540,504
- Estimated WTP for a 1-unit water quality improvement (Van Houtven, 2007):
 \$5.33
- Benefits start to accrue at year 6 of project
- 3% discount rate

Ecosystem Service	Estimated Change in Value per Year	Estimated Value (20 years)	Estimated Value (perpetuity)
WTP for a 1-unit water quality improvement	\$2,880,886	\$29,666,698	\$82,835,928



Property Value

- Estimated number of single family homes bordering Utah Lake: 33
- Estimated number of single family homes within an addition 1,500 feet of Utah
 Lake: 1,324
- Estimated change in home value given water quality improvement for lakefront homes (Gibbs, 2002): 6.64%
- Estimated change in home value given water quality improvement for additional homes within 1,500 feet (Lansford, 1995): 60% of lakefront or 3.98%

Proximity to Utah Lake	Current Total Market Value	Total Change in Market Value
Lakefront	\$14,294,700	\$2,847,504
1,500 feet	\$296,070,750	\$11,795,459
Total	\$310,365,450	\$14,642,963



Ecosystem Services Results

Ecosystem Service	Estimated Change in Value per Year	Total Present Value in 20 Years
Recreational Fishing	\$3,846,573	\$38,045,733
Non-Fishing Recreation	\$421,301	\$5,511,667
Passive Use Values	\$3,846,573	\$50,707,247
Total Economic Value	\$8,114,447	\$94,264,647

- Carp removal benefits more than June sucker
- Huge economic potential for Utah County and State of Utah



Presentation of Results

- Primary target were State Legislators
 - Asking for ~\$1.1 Million annually (\$5 Million total)
 - Night at the Lake, targeted key legislators, printed materials
- Also communicated results to local stakeholders
- News release detailing the benefits (\$\$) of a healthy Utah Lake







Were We Successful?

- Increased awareness of Utah Lake and its potential
- State legislature gave us \$500K and asked for local match
 - Localized benefit
- Media and public questioned the validity of the numbers
- Concept of ecosystem services not familiar

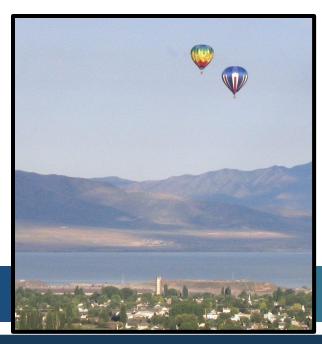






Final Thoughts

- Method should be used more frequently to evaluate recovery actions
 - Introduction to new audiences
- Broadened thinking about benefits of recovery
- Don't focus on overall monetary benefit
 - Aided us in communicating far reaching effects of carp removal







Questions???

